"He who learns but does not think, is lost! He who thinks but does not learn is in great danger." -Confucius

Recall from last time the following identities:

- Difference of Squares: $a^2 b^2 = (a + b)(a b)$
- (2)Difference of Cubes:
- Sum of Cubes: (3)
- (4)
- $a^{3} b^{3} = (a + b)(a b)$ $a^{3} b^{3} = (a b)(a^{2} + ab + b^{2})$ $a^{3} + b^{3} = (a + b)(a^{2} ab + b^{2})$ $(a + b)^{2} = a^{2} + 2ab + b^{2}$ $(a + b)^{3} = a^{3} + 3a^{2}b + 3ab^{2} + b^{3}$ (5)

Solve using the key number method. Write the solution in interval notation.

1.
$$(x+2)(x-3) > 0$$

2.
$$x^2 - 9 \le 0$$

3.
$$(x-1)(x+4)(2x+1) \ge 0$$

4.
$$x(x+1) \le 2$$

5.
$$\frac{x(x-1)}{(x+3)(x+5)} \ge 0$$

$$6. \ \frac{x^2 - 1}{x^2 - 5x + 6} < 0$$

$$7. \ \frac{x}{x+1} > 1$$

8.
$$x + \frac{3}{x - 1} \le 5$$